

SCORE Parameters

Craig Stuart Sapp

<craigsapp@stanford.edu>

SCORE User Input



INPut menu
settings:

IN1 0 0 1.0000 200
0 200

Pitch stage:

TR/3 4/E4/M/ CU/PA/M/ F/D/M/ B/B/C/D/E/M/ C/A/EU/M/ CU/A/M/ F/E/M/
DS/D/E/FS/D/M/ E/R/ML;

Rhythm stage:

Q/H/Q/H/Q/Q/EX4/QX3/H/Q/H/Q/Q/EX4/Q/Q;

Mark stage:

P 1;

Beam stage:

2B;

Slur stage:

2 3/4 5/7 10/11 12/14 15/16 17/19 22;

- Input data can be saved to a text file (as shown above)
- This file can be loaded back into the SCORE editor later with the **REad** command.

Line-up and Justify Command

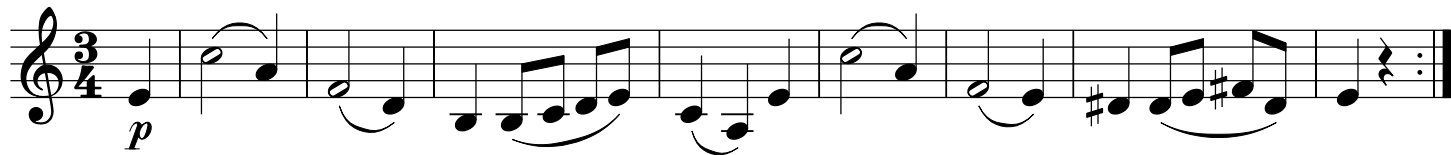


- After music input, the spacing usually needs to be adjusted (above music was spaced linearly by duration)

LJ

1 1

Starting at staff 1, and including 1 staff in alignment



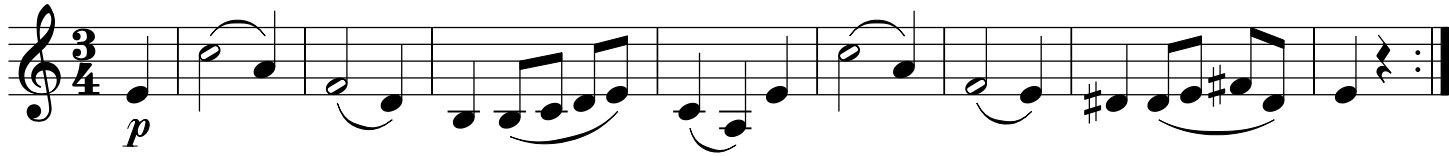
EDIt Command

- The EDIt command can be used to return to the User Input codes to change the music.
- Using the EDIt command will loose the spacing

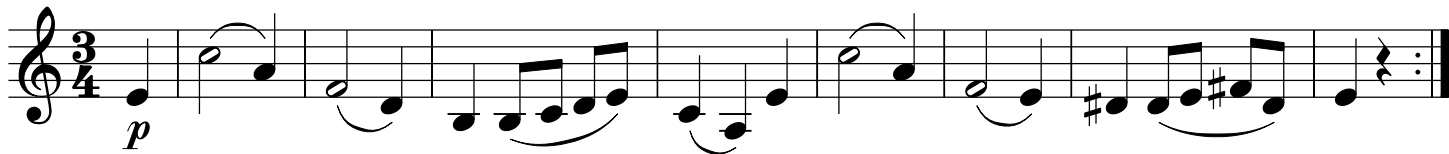
```
IN 1
1.5 200 1
TR/3 4/OE4/ M1/C5/A4/ M1/F/D/ M1/B3/B/C4/D/E/ M1/C/A3/E4/ M1/C5/A4/
      M1/F/E/ M1/DS/D/E/FS/D/ M1/E/R/ MRL1;
Q/H/Q/H/Q//EX4/Q///H/Q/H/Q//EX4/Q/;
P 1.09;
7 +8/9 +10/19 +20/21 +22;
2 +3/4 -5/7 -10/11 -12/14 +15/16 -17/19 -22;
```

- Notice that there is no spacing information, just sequential symbolic data.

Internal Graphic Representation

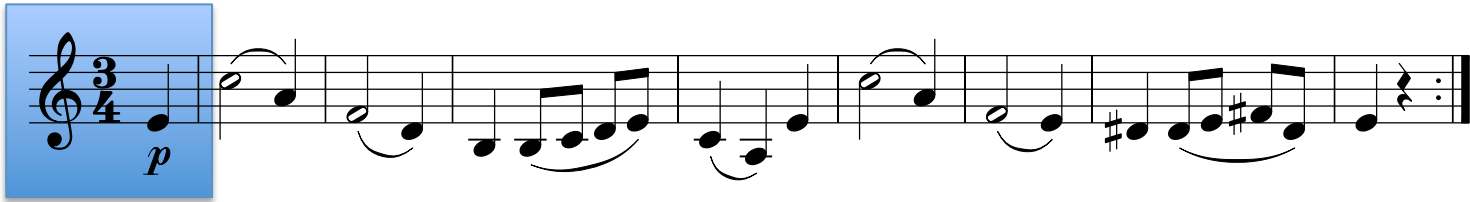


- User Input mode used for data entry
- Internally translated to a representation which can be graphically modified (such as LJ, or adjusting the beam height here)



- .mus files contain binary form of graphical data (stored with SA and SM commands)
- PMX command will save graphical data in ASCII text format.

SCORE Parameters



P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

- Each row represents a graphical music object
- Each column represents a particular parameter for the object
- Empty trailing columns contain implicit zeros

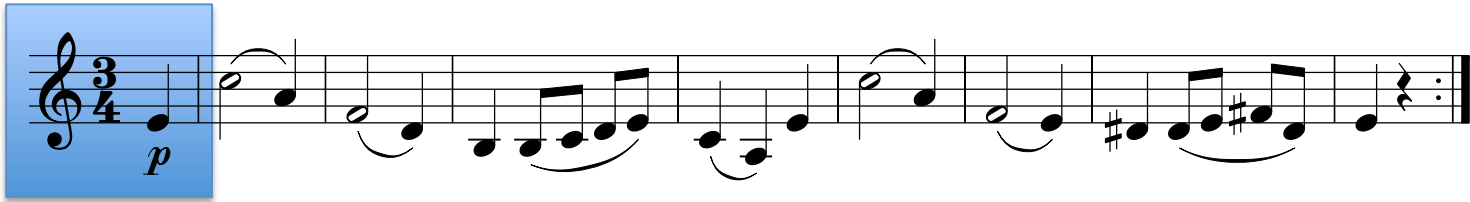
SCORE Parameters

P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7

8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

- Parameter 1 (P1) always means the “item type” for the line:
 - P1=**8** → staff
 - P1=**3** → clef
 - P1=**18** → time signature
 - P1=**9** → graphic symbol
 - P1=**1** → note
 - P1=**14** → barline

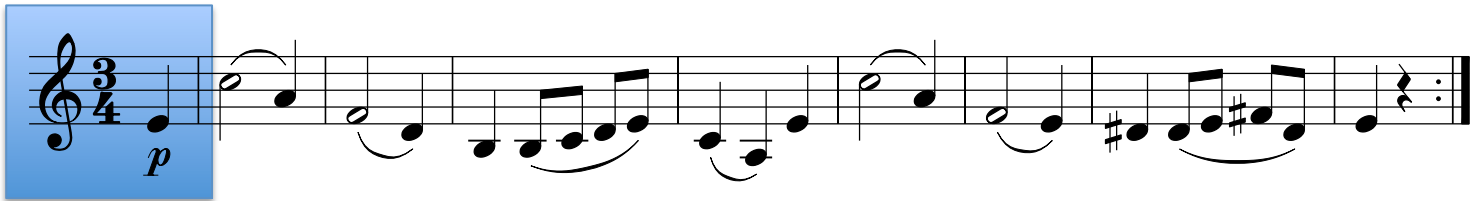
SCORE Parameters



P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

- Parameter 2 (P2) always means indicates the staff number on which item belongs
- In this case all items are on staff 1 (including the first item which are the staff lines)

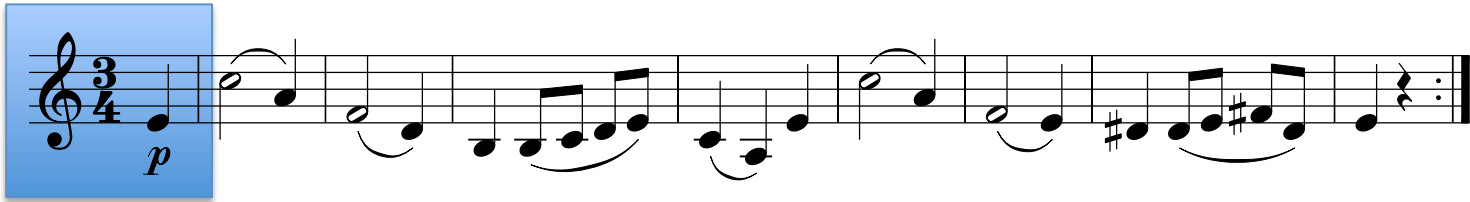
SCORE Parameters



P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

- Parameter 3 (P3) always means horizontal position
- Horizontal scale is fixed: 0 = left printing margin, 200 = right printing margin
- Some objects (staff, beam, slur) require two horizontal positions, in this case P3 is the left horizontal position of the item, and P6 is the right hor. pos. of the item.

SCORE Parameters



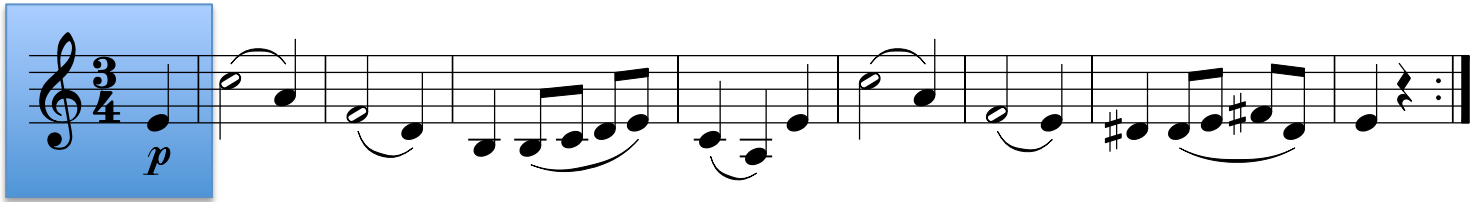
P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

- Parameter 4 (P4) *usually* means vertical position in terms of diatonic steps:



- Similar to DARMS

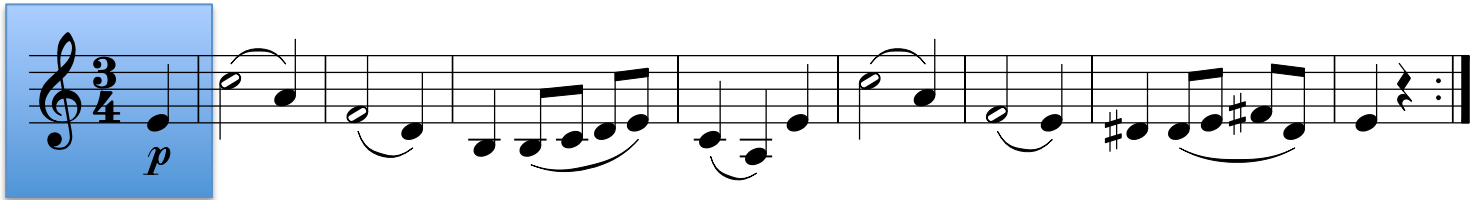
SCORE Parameters



P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

- Parameters above P3 will have contextual meanings depending on item type (P1 value)

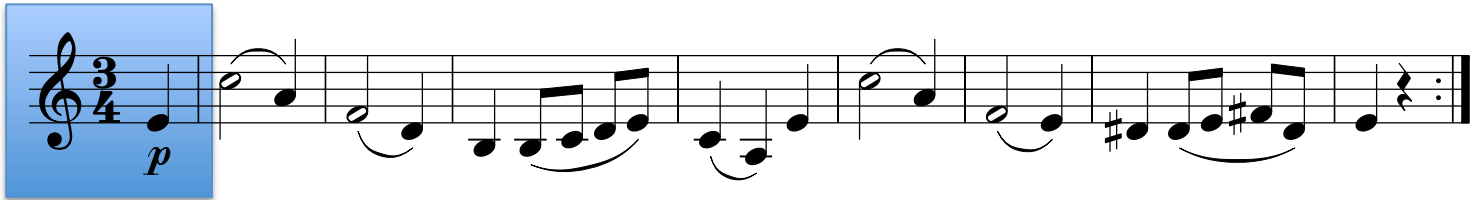
SCORE Parameters



	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200		
3	1	1.500					
18	1	8.999	0	3	4		
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1		
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1	
14	1	23.499	1				

- 8 Staff-line item
- 1 Staff ownership (staff 1 on page)
- 0 Left horizontal position (left margin)
- 0 Vertical position (default position near bottom of page)
- 0 Staff size (default size, i.e., 0=1)
- 200 Right horizontal position (right margin)

SCORE Parameters



P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7

8 1 0.000 0 0 200

3 1 1.500

18 1 8.999 0 3 4

9 1 16.499 -2 53 1

1 1 16.499 3 10 0 1

14 1 23.499 1

3

Clef item

1

Staff ownership (staff 1 on page)

1.5

Left horizontal position (near left margin, 0.75% along staff)

0

Vertical position (default position for clef)

0

Type of clef (0=G clef) (P4&P5→treble clef)

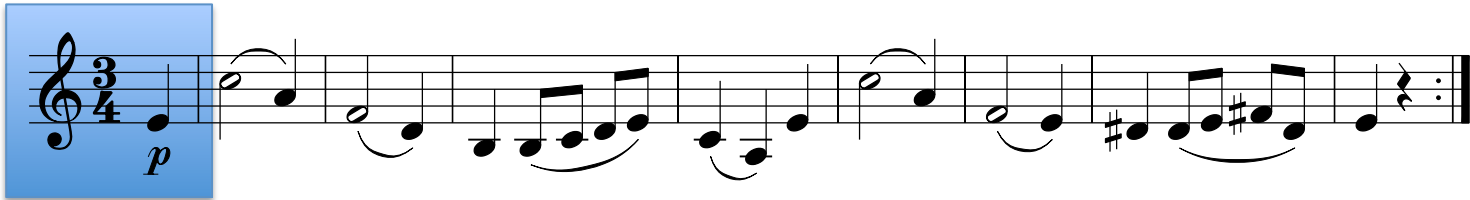
0

Horizontal size (0=1)

0

Vertical size (0=use P6 value)

SCORE Parameters



P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

18

1

8.999

O

3

4

O

Time-signature item

Staff ownership (staff 1 on page)

Left horizontal position (near left margin, 4.5% along staff)

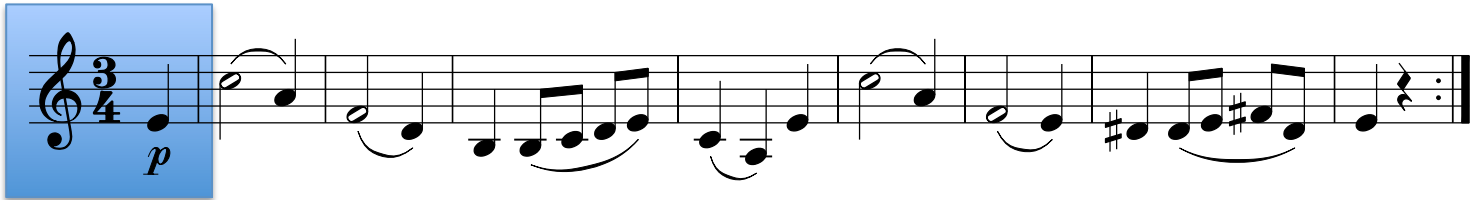
Vertical position (default position for time signature)

Top number

Bottom number

Size (0=1)

SCORE Parameters



P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7

8 1 0.000 0 0 200

3 1 1.500

18 1 8.999 0 3 4

9 1 16.499 -2 53 1

1 1 16.499 3 10 0 1

14 1 23.499 1

9

1

16.499

-2

53

1

0

Graphical Symbol item

Staff ownership (staff 1 on page)

Left horizontal position

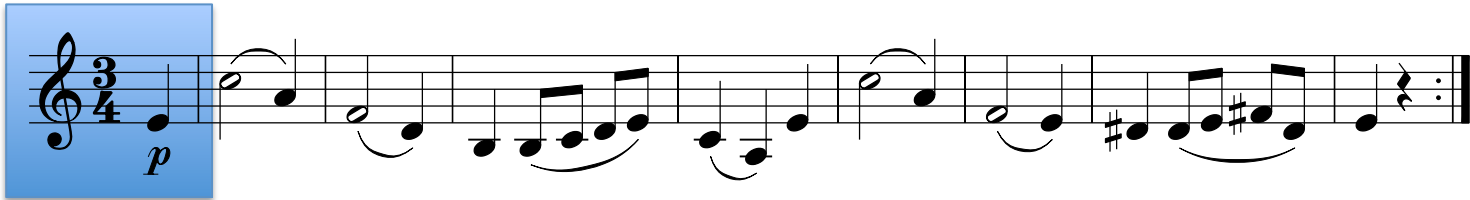
Vertical position: origin of symbol at G3 pitch height

Symbol number (piano dynamic mark)

Horizontal size (1=default size)

Vertical size (0=use P6 value)

SCORE Parameters



P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

1

1

16.499

3

10

0

1

Note item

Staff ownership (staff 1 on page)

Left horizontal position

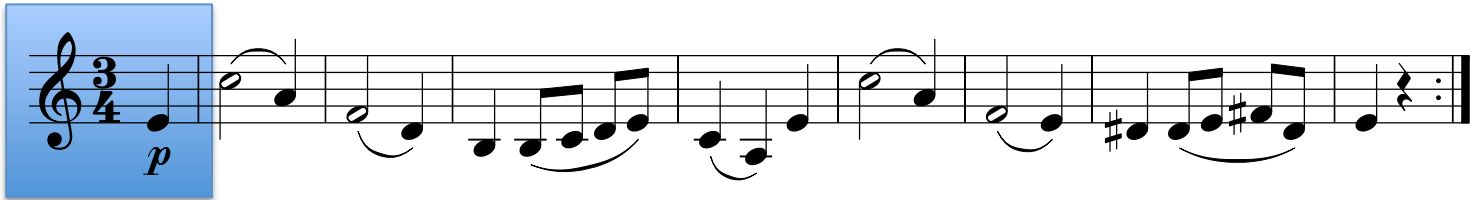
Vertical position: bottom line of staff

Stem, up (20 = stem down)

Notehead type (solid black)

Duration (quarter note)

SCORE Parameters



P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
8	1	0.000	0	0	200	
3	1	1.500				
18	1	8.999	0	3	4	
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1	
1	1	16.499	3	10	0	1
14	1	23.499	1			

14

1

23.499

1

0

0

0

Barline item

Staff ownership (staff 1 on page)

Left horizontal position

Number of staves (barline for only one staff)

Type of barline (0 = single, thin)

Thickness (default thickness)

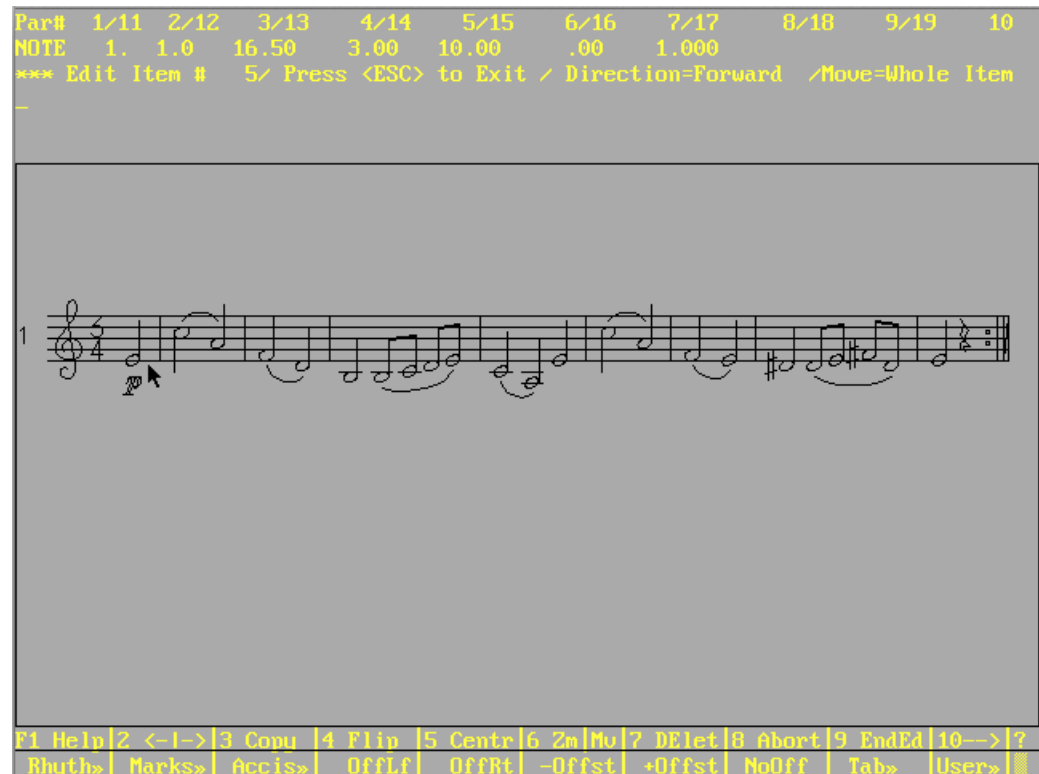
Horizontal displacement (from P3; none)

SCORE Editor Parameter Access

- When editing an item, its parameters are displayed at the top of the window
- To edit an item, click on the lower left corner of the item (not the middle!)

Parameter # 
Param. value 

P1 1
P2 1.0
P3 16.50
P4 3.00
P5 10.00
P6 .00
P7 1.000



The screenshot shows the SCORE Editor interface. At the top, a table displays parameters for the selected item (NOTE 1). Below the table is a musical score in 4/4 time, with a mouse cursor pointing to the first note. At the bottom, a status bar shows various editing commands.

Par#	1/11	2/12	3/13	4/14	5/15	6/16	7/17	8/18	9/19	10
NOTE	1.	1.0	16.50	3.00	10.00	.00	1.000			

*** Edit Item # 5/ Press <ESC> to Exit / Direction=Forward / Move=Whole Item

1

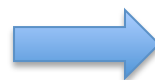
F1 Help | 2 <-1-> | 3 Copy | 4 Flip | 5 Centre | 6 2n | Mu | 7 DElet | 8 Abort | 9 EndEd | 10--> | ?
Rhyth» | Marks» | Accis» | OffLf | OffRt | -Offst | +Offst | NoOff | Tab» | User»

Change a parameter to a specific value

- When editing an item, type the parameter number, a space, then the new value.
- Move the note to the top space on the staff (P4=10): **4 10** (then enter key)

Par# 1/11 2/12 3/13 4/14 5/15 6/16 7/17 8/18 9/19 10
NOTE 1. 1.0 16.50 3.00 10.00 .00 1.000
*** Edit Item # 5/ Press <ESC> to Exit / Direction=Forward /Move=Whole Item
4 10_

F1 Help | Z <-|-> | 3 Copy | 4 Flip | 5 Centr | 6 Zn|Mu | 7 DElet | 8 Abort | 9 EndEd | 10--> | ?
Rhyth» | Marks» | Accis» | OffLf | OffRt | -Offst | +Offst | NoOff | Tab» | User»



Press Esc key to finish edit.



- F8,esc to cancel changes; F3 to make a copy and keep original

Changing by addition/subtraction

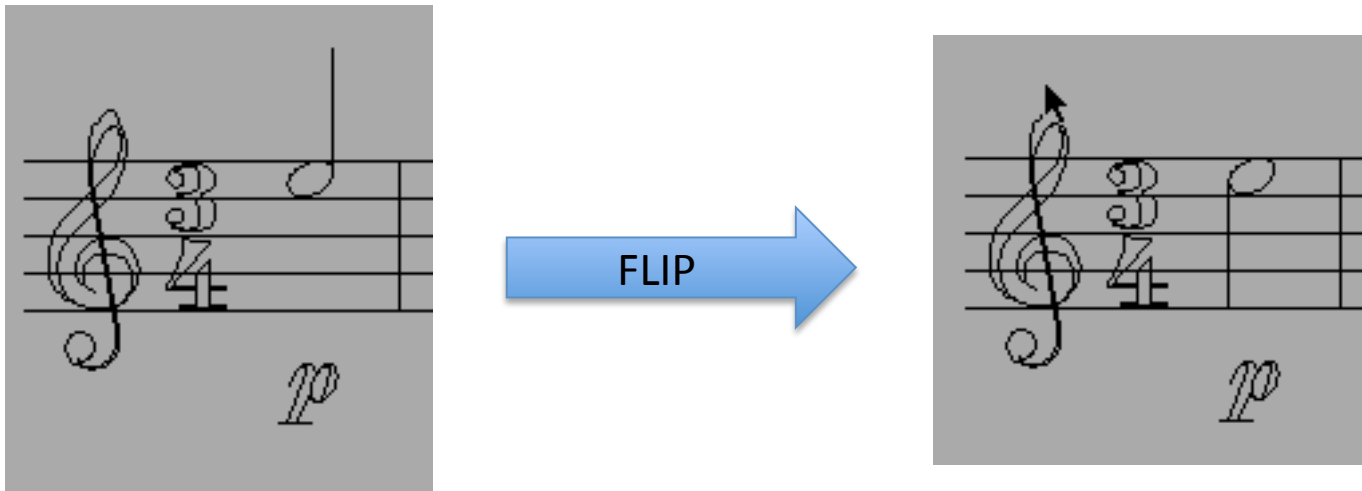
- To move note up 7 diatonic steps (an octave), you could also type:

400 7

* 400 “00” after parameter number means to add the following number to current value. If current value is 3, then after “400 7” change it will be 10 ($3+7=10$).

Changing by command

- Select a note with mouse, then type “FLIP” and the stem will flip direction:



- Could also be done by typing “5 20” (but would not work if there was accidental which is stored in the 1’s digit of P5)
- Also “500 10” (add 10 to P5 to make it 20).

Example Note Parameters

P3 *Horizontal position*

P4 *Vertical position*

P5 *Stem direction and accidentals*

P6 *Notehead type*

P8 *Stem length*

P9 *Augmentation dots and stem flags*

P10 *Note displacement*

P11 *Articulation*

notes spaced 1 unit apart

P3=55 70 90 155 170

P4=1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 0 -1 -2 -3 -4

P5=0 10 20 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 12 21 20 13 13.2 13.99 113

P6=0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 190 196 1062 1074 1032 207 82 271 179 691 92

P8=0 1 2 3 4 5 -0.5 -1 -1.5 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7 -8 -9 -10 -11 -12 -13 -14 -15

P9=0 1 2 3 4 5 10 20 30 40 110 10 1010 10.1 10.2 10.3 11 22

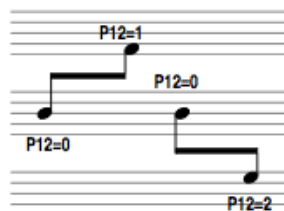
P10=0 1 2 3 -1 -2 -3 0 10 20

P11=0 1 -1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 99

tr tr tr tr +

Example Note Parameters (2)

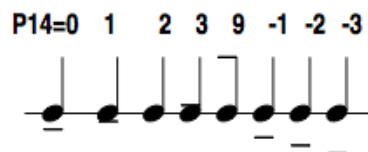
P12 *Staff displacement*



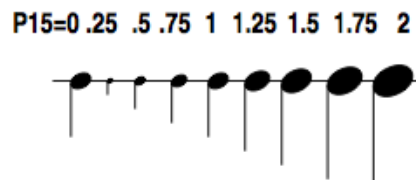
P13 *Articulation horizontal offset*



P14 *Articulation vertical offset*



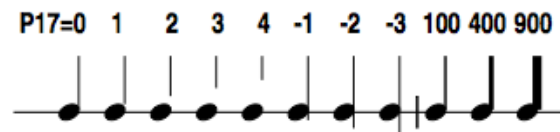
P15 *Note size*



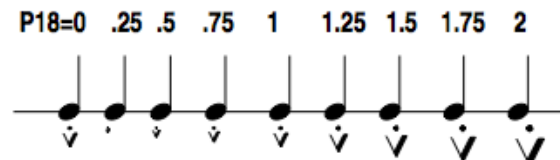
P16 *Ledger line thickness*



P17 *Stem origin and thickness*



P18 *Articulation size*



Example Slur/Tie Parameters

P3/P6 *Horizontal position*

P3=55 P6=73 P3=81 P6=112 P3=123 P6=152 P3=164 P6=190
(P8=0) (P8=0) (P8=-2) (P8=-2)

P4 *Left vertical position* **P5** *Right vertical position*

P4=3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 (right-hand side constant at P5=7) P5=3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 (left-hand side constant at P4=7)

P7 *Curvature*

P7=0 0.5 1 2 -0.5 -1 -2
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
P8=1,2 (endings) P8=3 (tuplet brackets)

P8 *Slur type or Slur offset*

P8=1 P8=2 P8=3 P8=0.001 0.1 0.25 0.5 0.75 0.9
1. 2. 3.
(1st ending) (2nd ending) (tuplet)
P8=0 -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7 -8 -9
P3 P6 (L to L) (C to C) (R+ to L-) (R++ to L-) (R to R) (C to R) (R to C) (C to L) (L to C) (L to R)
Example usage centered slur tie tie from dotted note stem-side slur

P9 *Flatening or Ending/Tuplet number*

P9=0 -0.5 -1 -2 -3
P8=3: P9=0 1 2 3 4 -10
P8=1: P9=0 1 2 3 4 -1 -2
P8=2: P9=0 1 2 3 4 -1 -2

P10

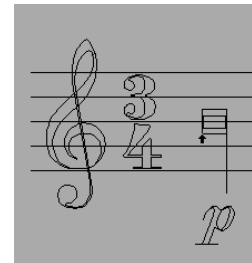
Diagram illustrating the effect of P_{10} on P_8 and P_9 . The top part shows a timeline with points 0.1, 0.3, 0.7, and 0.9, with arcs indicating intervals. Below, two boxes show the effect of P_{10} on P_8 and P_9 . The left box, labeled $P_8=3$, shows a timeline with points 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, and 0.8, with arcs indicating intervals of length 0.2. The right box, labeled $P_8=1$ and $P_8=2$, shows a timeline with points 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, and 0.8, with arcs indicating intervals of length 0.2. The text "P10 has no effect" is written in the right box.

The diagram illustrates the relationship between two sets of curves, labeled $P16=0$ and $P16=1$. On the left, under $P16=0$, there are four curves labeled 1, 2, 3, and 4 from top to bottom. On the right, under $P16=1$, there are four curves labeled -1, -2, -3, and -4 from top to bottom. A horizontal line connects the two sets of curves, indicating a relationship or transition between them.

P15=0
0.25
0.5
0.75

Visually change a parameter

- Type alt-# while editing an object to allow the parameter to be changed by mouse or arrow keys. For example change the stem length by typing alt-8 and then moving the mouse up/down or left/right; or usually better: use the arrow keys on the keyboard to increment the parameter one step at a time.
- You can set the increment size by typing (in command or edit modes):
INC #
where # is an increment amount. “INC 1” will set the increment size to 1 unit, “INC 0.25” sets it to 0.25 units. Typing “INC” by itself will report the current increment size.
- Try setting the increment size to 1, and then use alt-6 on a note to scroll through the notehead shapes.



P6 = 101

Adding Items by Parameter List

- Type in parameter list in command mode to insert item into data directly:

8 1 0 0 0 200

3 1 1.5

18 1 9 0 3 4

9 1 16.5 -2 53 1

1 1 16.5 3 10 0 1

14 1 23.499 1

Alternately:

staff 1

clef 1 1.5

meter 1 9 0 3 4

p 1 16.5

note 1 16.5 3

bar 1 23.5

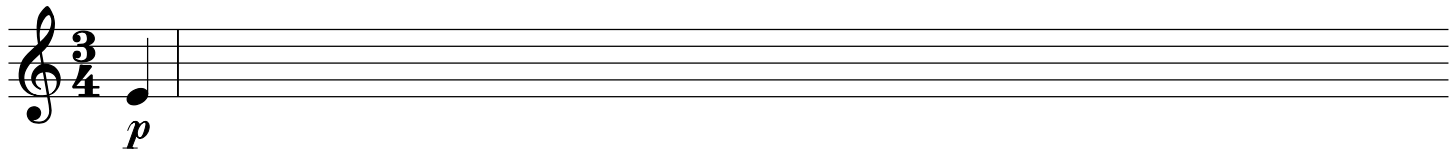
Data Ordering

- Items can come in any order:

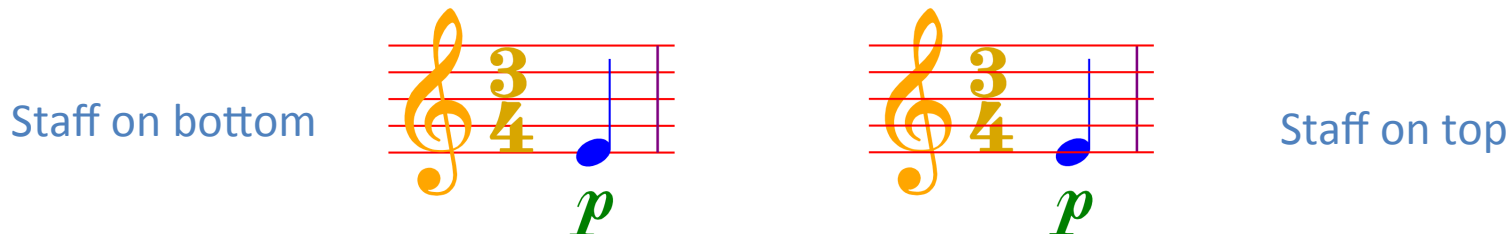
8	1	0.000	0	0	200
3	1	1.500			
18	1	8.999	0	3	4
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1
1	1	16.499	3	10	0 1
14	1	23.499	1		

3	1	1.500			
14	1	23.499	1		
9	1	16.499	-2	53	1
1	1	16.499	3	10	0 1
18	1	8.999	0	3	4
8	1	0.000	0	0	200

- Both versions produce the graphical music notation:

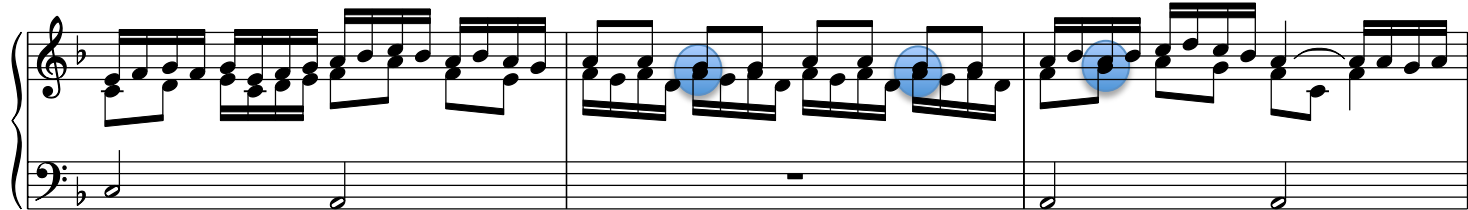


- Item order in data controls print order (in SCORE 4 and earlier):



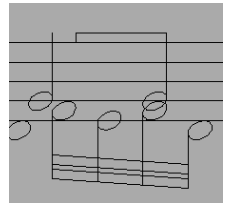
- In command mode "OS" orders from left-to-right on each staff (sort by P4;P3).
- "OH" orders everything by P3 value only.

HW Example 4 Cleanup

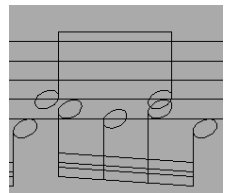


- Notational errors: need to offset notes in separate voices to make both visible.

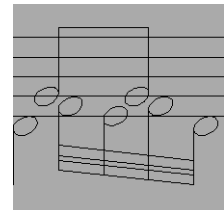
* Change P10 of first note in top voice to 20 (offset one notehead to left):



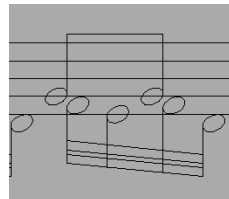
* Change P14 of beam in top voice to 20 (offset one notehead to left):



• Do same for next note in voice, change P15 to 10 on beam:



• Re-run LJ command to space correctly:



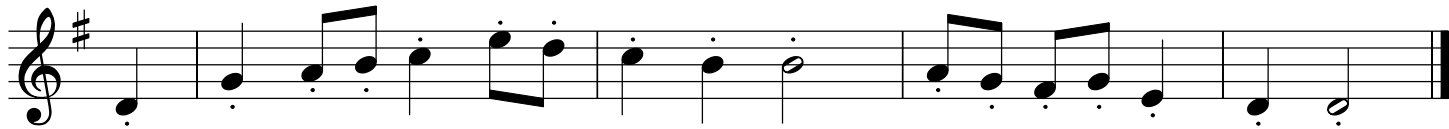
HW Ex#4 final version

The image displays two staves of musical notation, likely for a piano piece. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The bottom staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). Both staves show a sequence of chords and melodic lines across three measures. The first measure shows a complex chordal texture in the treble and a simple bass line. The second measure features a more active treble part with a sustained bass line. The third measure returns to a similar texture to the first. Blue arrows are placed between the two staves, pointing from the treble staff down to the bass staff, indicating specific fingerings or articulations for the bass line. There are five such arrows: two in the second measure, two in the third measure, and one in the third measure.

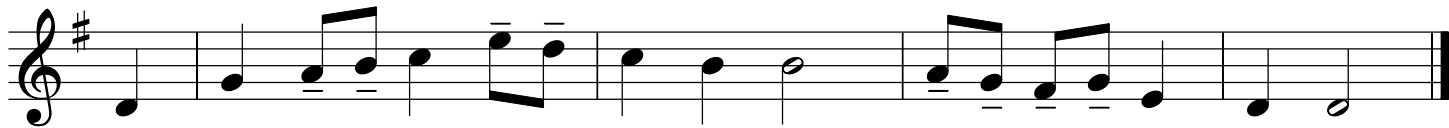
Conditional Commands



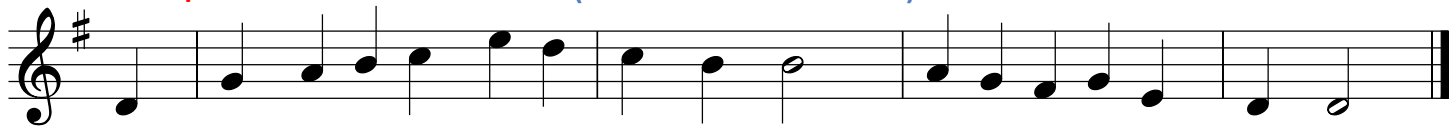
If $p1=1$ then $p11=7$ (if note then set articulation to staccato)



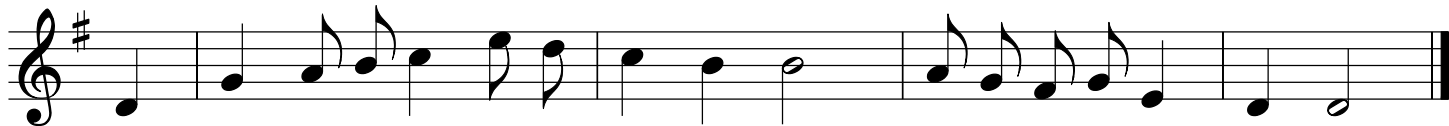
If $p1=1$ and $p7=0.5$ then $p11=6$ (if eighth-note then set articulation to tenuto)



If $p1=6$ then del (delete all beams)



If $p1=1$ and $p7=0.5$ then $p9=1$ (put a flag on every eighth note)



Saving ASCII Parameter List

- Type “PMX” then enter, then a filename to save parameter list in a text file
 - Traditional file ending is .PMX which means “Parameter Matrix”.
 - Also .TXT ending can be used (easier to open in text editors).
 - To load back into SCORE editor, type “RE file.pmx”
-
- .MUS files are equivalent to PMX files, but data is stored in a binary format.
 - Save .MUS files with the “SA file.mus” command.
 - Load .MUS files with the “Get file.mus” command.

Some Editing Tips

- Refer to the reference manual for documentation about each item parameter.
- Press F1 while editing an object to view abbreviated information about the parameters.
- Type “?A” in command mode without quotes to list all of the commands which start with the letter A.
- Type alt-S to see the full-page layout (alt-S to exit full-page view).
- Type “SH” then “Z” to go to outline mode. Type “SHX” and “Z” to exit outline mode.
- Type “Z2” to zoom in 200%.
- Type “i” in command mode to go back to editing last item edited.
- Type “st 1 14” to start editing all barlines on staff 1 (press enter to navigate to next barline, press F2 to reverse the editing sequence).
- Type “H” to adjust the vertical height of the music
- Type “VJ” to vertically justify staves (then use H to add space between systems)